THE COURTS.

Marriages a la Brinkley as Basis of Divorce Suits.

EXTENT OF LAWYERS' LIENS.

The decision given in the Courts in the famous Brinkley suit gives promise of being made a precedent in other suits brought to test the question of what does and what does not constitute a legal marriage. A ase in point was yesterday called to the attention Juuge Donohue, in Supreme Court, Chambers. A young and finely dressed woman, calling herself Kitty Powell, and also of prepossessing appearance, made application through Mr. William F. Howe, her counsel, for \$50 weekly alimony and \$500 counsel fee, in a suit brought by her against Richard Powell. The plaintiff, who signs her name to the complaint Kitty Powell, says that they were married n April, 1873; that they have two children, and that her busband has stuce abandoned her. The presen sut is for separation and maintenance, and the de-fendant, who resides at Belimore, L. I., and formerly married to the plaintiff, and there was produced in cor-roboration of this statement the proceedings is the court in New Jersey, in a suit brought against him by such plaintiff for alleged breach of promise of mar-riage and seduction, and also those in a subsequent suit for bastardy. Judge Donohue took the papers for

on Schiff was arrested several days since on a

examination.

Simon Schill was arrested several days since on a writ of ne exeat, procured on application of his wife, and lodged in Ludiow street Jail. Through his counce, Mr. Douglas A. Levien, Jr., he petitioned the Supreme court for his discharge. He alleged in his petition that, beyond what his counsel took him, he had ne knowledge of the cause of his arrest, no papers having been served upon him. He says further, that Sophia Schilf, through whom he was arrested, is his second wife; that she is a woman of violent temper, and that she is now under bail for disorderly conduct. He also states that he has six children hiving by his first wife, who are dependent upon him for support, and that he has no meaus. Upon this state of lacts Judge Donohue yesterday vacated the writ and directed his discharge.

William F. Morgan recently got a divorce from his wife, Caroline L. Morgan, on the ground of additory. The defendant moved before Judge Robinson, in the Court of Common Pieas, for a reargument on the ground of newly discovered evidence. The new evidence was based upon an affidavit of Mrs. Lizzie A. Vanderhoot, of New Jersey, who swears that Mr. Morgan had held illicit intercourse with her. Other testimony was given going to show that Morgan had used undue influence to obtain evidence against his wife, and Judge Robinson yesterday rendered a decision relusing to open the case. Judge Robinson says that the testimony of a paramour, unsupported by other evidence, would not be conclusive evidence of additory. He says she showed a lack of womanly delicacy in coming lorward and contessing her own shame when there was ifo occasion for it.

AN EQUITABLE SET-OFF. Messrs, Davidson & Jones, Wall street bankers, have

brought suit against Ignacio P. Alforo, in which they seek to recover \$580 20, alleged to have been overdrawn for services in obtaining orders for gold and tock. Meantime Alloro brought suit against Davidson & Jones for damages for alleged non-fulfilment of contract, and obtained a verdict against them for \$313.53, such verdict including interest and costs. Before the termination of the first suit Davidson & Jones brought suit against Alforo and Coudert Bros., his counsel, for an injunction restraining Alforo from assigning to Coudert Brothers the judgment obtained in his lavor, and from the issue of an execution upon such judgment, and asking that if a verdict is obtained in their suit against Alforo that the same be set off against the judgment obtained by the latter. This last action came to trial before Judge Barrett, in Supreme Court, Special Term. Judge Barrett gave his decision in the case vesterday. It should be stated that in making Coudert Brothers detendants it was charged that they, knowing Alforo to be insolvent, obtained the assignment mentioned from him through collusion, which, however is denied, and in answer to it the allegation set up that the same was for valuable consideration. Judge Harrett holds that as assignee of the verdict the attorneys' equities is inferior to that of piaintiffs, but that their equitable hen for the costs is superior and paramount. He directs a judgment for the paintiffs, entiting them to an equitable set-off to the extent of the verdict, and interest and accruing payment to that amount, without costs. tract, and obtained a verdict against them for \$813 58,

TWO YEARS IN JAIL.

An action was some time ago brought by John Brenan, a Philadelphia jeweller, against Henry Goldstein, to recover \$24,500 for jewelry, claimed to have been stolen in Philadelphia from plaintiff. The property was found with Jacob Rosenberg, who said he got it from Goldsiein. The Grand Jury did not indict Goldstein, from Goldstein. The Grand Jury did not indict Goldstein, but Rosenberg, on his own statements as witness. On a civit suit Goldstein was held in \$25,000 bail, and, after staying five months in Ludlow Street Jail, was tried and the jury disagreed. A requisition from the Governor of Pennsylvania for Goldstein was set aside by Mr. C. S. Spencer. Nothing has since been done, and yesterday Mr. Spencer moved, before Judge Donohue, in the Supreme Court, to discharge the order of arrest, as the man has been over two years in jail. The answer was that Mr. Brennan is in bad health and cannot attend a new trial until summer. Judge Donohue took the maners.

SUMMARY OF LAW CASES. Andrew Gever has been arrested and held to ball in

he sum of \$3,500, on an order of arrest issued on the complaint of the American Stationer Association, arough D. M. Porter as its counsel, for alleged conversion of money and property received by Geyer as plaintiffs' agent. In the whiskey ring cases, of which several have

been advanced on the calendar, an order has been given by the Court that the trials of the parties accused shall be called up on two days' notice to the counsel engaged by the defendants in each case. The motion to open the default against the defendant

in the suit of Clayton Belknap against Coneral Daniel E. Sickles to recover money alleged to have been borrowed by the defendant during the war, but which he was granted vesterday by Judge Lawrence in the Court of Common Pieas on payment of costs.

Judge Benedict, in the United States Circuit Court, on a charge of passing counterfeit national bank currency.

a charge of passing counterfeit national bank currency, General Foster represented the government. The accused was convicted after a brief trial and was remanded for sentence.

All the parties convicted of the crimes of which they were charged in the United States Greuit Court during the present term will be brought up for sentence this morning before Judge Benedict. The offences charged were principally violations of the Internal Revenue law, the naturalization laws and of the United States bostal laws.

postal laws.

The smuggling cases known as the Lawrence Custom House frauds are ordered for immediate trial. The probabilities, however, are that counsel in the majority of the cases, ex-Judge Dittenhoeffer, will offer a pieza in abatement and leave the matter to the decision of the Court. This, it is expected, will determine all the cases.

plea in additional trace in the Court. This, it is expected, will determine all the cases.

Charies Crary was yesterday appointed by Judge Freedman, of the Superior court, receiver of the trust innus in the hands of John T. Conover, administrator of Gustavas A. Conover, deceased, amounting to \$42,110.36. The receiver's bond is fixed at \$45,000. The order also directs the administrator to pay over the trust funds to the receiver within twenty days after service of the order.

In the suit of William A. Havemeyer and others against John C. and Henry Havemeyer to recover \$75,000 for an alleged breach of a contract not to sell certical Loop Island Railroad stock, except under certain contitions, the full facts of which have already been published in the Hearle, Judge Freedman, of the Superior Court, yesterday rendered a decision debying a motion to vacate a provious order to examine the defendant Henry Havemeyer before trial.

The trial of the suit brought by the Newcastle Chemical Works Company against Thomas Reed and another was commenced yesterday before Chief Justice Curtis, in the Superior Court. The action is brought to recover damages for an alleged breach of contract in shipping about \$500 worth of bleaching goods from Newcastle to this city. It is claimed that the goods were transshipped at Hull, which vitated the shipping contract.

Anna Vos. in gotting off a Third avenue car at 100th

contract.

Anna Vos, in gotting off a Third avenue car at 100th street, claims to have been seriously injured through the car starting before she was securely aligated. She has brought suit against the company for \$15,000 damages. The trial of the case was begun yesterday before Judge Lawrence, Mr. William J. Mann appearing for the plaintiff and Messrs. John Graham and Morrison for the Railroad Company. In her testimony she stated that she was confined to her bed for nine days, and did not know the amount of the doctor's charges. The main point of the defence is charging her with contributive negligence.

On the evening of October 26, 1875, Stephen O. Visi was driving on the Boulevard, when he ran his carriage against a croton water pipe, demolishing, as he says, his carriage and causing injuries to himself which kept him confined to his house for three weeks. He brought suit against the city for \$5,000 damages, and the case was brought to trial yesternay before Judge Barrett, of the Supreme Court. He says that it was a dark night and that the lamps were not hi. The delence contradict the statements as to the lamps not being lift, and produced a lamp lighter who swore to this effect. The jury were ordered to bring in a scaled verdict this morning. Mr. James A. Deering appeared for the plaintiff and Messrs, Stateon and Lacomb, of the Corporation Counsel's office, for the city.

GENERAL SESSIONS-PART 1.

corder Backett opened the April term of this

CHARGE TO THE GRAND JURY.

Court yesterday, the people being represented by the District Attorney, Mr. Benjamin K. Phelps. Mr. W. A. Gedney, of No. 10 Grove street, was selected as the foreman of the Grand Jury, and the Recorder, in delivering his charge, briefly commented upon the fact that there seemed to be no dimunition either in the number quality of crimes. Under the circumstances it was likely they would have the usual amount of business be greatly expedited, while their own valuable time could be greatly expedited, while their own valuable time could be saved by a careful scrutiny of the testimony adduced in the various cases that might come before them, and in not finding indictments unless they were well satisfied of the guilt of the parties they were well satisfied of the guilt of the parties charged. Moreover, a sound discrimination should be exercised in determining the various grades of guilt, so that the indictments found would be warranted by the evidence adduced. Where legal advice was found necessary they could call upon the District Attorney or his assistants, and in this way a great amount of business could be transacted in a comparatively short space of time. The Recorder, having directed the attention of the Grana Jury to the several violations of law as set forth in the statutes, directed them to retire for deliberation.

THAT ALLEGED SIXTY-FOUR THOUSAND DOLLAR FORGED CHECK.

George A. Chadwick, who is jointly indicted with lorgery on the Union Trust Company, was arraigned for trial yesterday by District Attorney Phelps. The accused pleaded "Not guilty."

THE LOTTERY DEALERS. The lottery policy dealers who were overhanced

ADULTERATING MILK. John Mulligan, of No. 311 Delancey street, plended

guilty to the charge of solling adulterated milk, in violation of the ordinance of the Board of Health. He was sentenced to pay a fine of \$25. BURGLARS PUNISHED. Alexander Bried and Charles Oakley were charged James Ritchie, No. 487 Pearl street, on the 22d of March last. The prisoners pleaded guilty and were sentenced each for the term of two years in the State Prison.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT.

An Italian laborer, rejoicing in the name of Michael Finn, was arraigned on the charge of firing a pistol at a fellow workman in the course of a quarrel. He pleaded guilty and was sent to the Pentientiary for one year. BURGLARY.

William Blond, of No. 54 Varick street, pleaded guilty to burgiary in the third degree, having broken into the storage warehouse at No. 210 Franklin street. He was sent to the State Prison for one year.

A FORTUNATE YOUTH. On the night of the 24th of January last the premises No. 436 East Houston street, occupied by Julius Lowenstein, were broken into, and jewelry and clothing amounting in value to \$270 were stolen. Subsequently James Barry were arrested, and upon their arraignment they pleaded guilty to burgiary in the first ment they pleaded guity to burgiary in the first degree and were sentenced to imprisonment in the State Prison for seven years each. Subsequently Mr. Edmund E. Price appeared before the Recorder and moved that Barry be permitted to withdraw his plea of guilty and be granted a trial, as he was entirely innocent of the preserved charge, he having pleaded guilty through a mistake. The Court granted the prisoner a trial, and evidence being produced before the District Attorney substantiating his innocence, and the District Attorney being satisfied that such was the ease, consented to his discharge, which the Recorder granted.

GENERAL SESSIONS-PART 2. Before Judge Gildersleeve, A HIGHWAYMAN'S FATE.

Among the pleas of guilty accepted yesterday was that of Edward Coleman, said to be one of a gang of thieves who attacked, in company with others, E. K. Boyd, of No. 88 East Ninth street, on the night of the 3d of March and robbed him of his overcoat, hat, studs and silk handkerchief at the corner of Greenwich and Clarkson streets. The prisoner pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sent to the State Prison for four years.

PLEAS AND SENTENCES. John Rosenthall, of No. 54 Forsyth street, pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing a watch and chain valued at \$180 from John McSorley, of No. 557 West Forty-ninth street, on the 17th of last month. He was sentenced to two years in the State Prison.

Sarah Callaghan, of No. 304 East Ninth street, stole a \$75 shawl from Eliza Cleary, of No. 236 Sixth street, and was sent to the State Prison for one year.

Chas. Shaeffer, No. 144 Chrystie street, broke into the

Chas. Shaeffer, No. 144 Chrystie street, broke into the clothing store of Theodore Schmentz, No. 42 Bowery, on the 21st of March last, and stole \$5.5 worth of clothing. He pleaded guilty and was sent to the State Prison for two years and six menths.

Kate Notain was tried on the charge of grand farceny in having stolen a value containing a number of prayer books and \$84 in money from Francis Kiernan, at No. 31 Jackson street, where the complainant had gone on the 20th of March to sell the property to customers of his. In response to her counsel, Mr. Hugh Coleman, the prisoner stated that she found two of the books in the hallway and pawned them, but stouily denied having stolen the value. She was convicted of petit larceby, and in view of the facts set torth, and on the earnest appeal made in her behalf, the Court inflicted the mitigated sentence of four months in the Penitentiary.

COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY. SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—Held by Judge Deno-nuc.—Nos. 19, 33, 35, 69, 64, 78, 91, 98, 103, 140, 143, 157, 173, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 194, 201, 204, 205, 227, 232, 233, 234, 235, 237.

Supreme Court—Special Tram—Held by Judge Van Vorst.—Nos. 174, 64, 180, 65, 105, 183, 188, 110, 195, 198, 200, 209, 214, 216, 217, 194, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228.

223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228

SUPERME COURT, CHERCHT—Part 1—Held by Judge Lawrence—Nos. 202½, 3009, 1657, 3785, 1583, 1679, 3205, 3127, 2895, 3103, 3153, 3155, 3157, 4391, 3173, 2825, 3271, 3273, 2985, 407313, 2933, 3237, 2767, 777, 3175, Part 2—Held by Judge Barrett—Nos. 1932, 3682, 2298, 2134, 2108, 2229, 2136, 2252, 2256, 2268, 2388, 2288, 2296, 354, 3584, 2402, 2406, 1398, 2442, 2444, 2488, 2496, 2572, 2582, 2618, 2644, Part 3—Held by Judge Van Brunt—Nos. 2089, 2125, 2593, 569, 1177, 1801, 2096, 1160½, 1386, 2390, 1160, 1247, 328½, 1509, 2587, 2587, 275, 1663, 1518, 373.

2587, 2587, 175, 1663, 1618, 373.

SUPERIOR COUNT—TRIAL TREM—Part 1—Held by Judge Freedman.—Nos. 376, 393, 482, 244, 1177, 756, 572, 573, 743, 314, 1104, 1138, 633, 948, 591, 784, 751, 754, 777, 1009, 1069, 886, 857, 762, 214. Part 2—Held by Judge Sedgwick.—Nos. 570\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac{1}{2}\)\ SCERRIOR COURT-SPRCIAL TERM-Held by Judge Sanford.-Nos. 11 and 47.

Sanford.—Nos, 11 apd 47.

COMMON PLEAS.—PRIAL TREM.—Part 1—Held by Judge Van Hoesen —Nos, 108, 1342, 928, 240, 1076, 1170, 658, 657, 1135, 1475, 799, 1596, 1161, 1139, 695, 1039, 1225, 1192, 1149, 1568, 1217, 1623, 927, 630, 846, 953, 277, 292, 1181, 151, 1519, 1048, 705, 661, 27, 1186, 261, 1592, 870, 1095, 698, 1148, 571, 723, 42, 914. Part 2—Held by Judge Lartemore.—Case on—Storev vs. The New York Elevated Rauroad Company. No day calendar. Part 3—Held by Judge 3, F. Daily.—Nos, 1190, 979, 1923, 1553, 1064, 1184, 1183, 1709, 1259, 1260, 1261, 1262, 1263, 1264, 1265, 1266, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1279.

COMMON PLEAS—Equity TERM—Held by Chief Justice C. P. Daly.—No day calendar. C. P. Daly.—No day calendar.
MARINE COURT.—TRIAL TERM.—Part I.—Held by Judge Alker.—Nos. 6124, 4691, 5742, 6042, 6696, 7869, 7963, 9404, 6688, 5179, 6119, 7881, 6137, 5766, 7383. Part 2.—Held by Judge Sheridan.—Nos. 6121, 5628, 7645, 4061, 5188, 8853, 6778, 5890, 9105, 9119, 3856, 5239, 5456, 5948, 4672. Part 3.—Held by Chief Justice Shea.—Nos. 8603, 2720, 7703, 7712, 7007, 8855, 7204, 7609, 8039, 6910, 8504, 5801, 7703, 5435, 8594.

2729, 7703, 7772, 700°, 8855, 7204, 7609, 8039, 6910, 8504, a801, 7703, 5435, 8594.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part 1—Held by Recorder Hackett.—The People vs. John Brennan, roubery; Same vs. William Reilly, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. Mary McGraw, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. Mary McGraw, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. John Sullivan, grand larceny; Same vs. John Hogan, grand larceny; Same vs. John McCalfrey, grand larceny; Same vs. Joseph Keliner, grand larceny; Part 2—Held by Juage Gildersleeve.—The People vs. Joseph Torn, felonious assault and battery; Same vs. John Smith, burglary; Same vs. John Moore, grand larceny; Same vs. Henry Stanford and Charles I. Hunt, burglary; Same vs. Henry Stanford and Thomas H. Fink, grand larceny; Same vs. Charles H. Brauloy, Ishe pretences; Same vs. Homas Jones, petit larceny; Same vs. Sinm Raisky, petit larceny; Same vs. Charles H. Brauloy, Ishe pretences; Same vs. Romas Jones, petit larceny; Same vs. Charles Truax, perjary; Same vs. Robert Morrissy, fetonious assault and battery;

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, April 2, 1877. Present, Hon. Sanford E. Church, Chief Justice, and

No. 245. Richard A. Hennessy and others, appellants, vs. Ward Wheeler and another, respondents.—Argued by Samuel Hand for appellants and William Henry Arnoux for respondents.

No. 246. Edward E. Chapman, administrator, &c., respondent, vs. Timothy R. Porter, appellant,—Argued by William F. Tracy for appellant and Daniel Pratt. for respondent.

respondent.
No. 248. Charles W. Vrooman, guardian, &c., respondent, vs. Harriett B. Turner, appellant.—Argued by Edward T. Bartlett for appellant and submitted for re-Spondent.
No. 224. Mary A. Shaw, respondent, vs. The Republic Life Insurance Company, appellants.—Argued by F. A. Lyman for appellants. Case still on.
CALENDAR.
The following 18 the day calendar for Tuesday, April 3:—Nos. 202, 203, 231, 259, 227, 247, 255, 296.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT. WASHINGTON, April 2, 1877.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

The following decisions were rendered in the Supreme Court to-day:—

• No. 154 Bowen vs. Chase et al.—Appeal from the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York.—This was the suit in equity brought by Nelson Chase and others against George W. Bowen, having for its principal object the establishing of their title to certain lands in New York city known as the June! property, and to enjoin Eowen from prosecuting certain actions of ejectment, one of which was to recover the property named and the others to recover lands in Saratoga belonging to the same estate. The Court holds that the conveyances to Kingsland and Martin, for value, by Mine. June!, after the voluntary appointment in lavor of her adopted deaghter, Mrs. Chase, were valid, being made under her original power of appointment; but that the appointments to Hamilton and Phillipon are ineffective. The decision is that the appellees are not entitled to have the real estate of which Mine. June! died seized appropriated to them in satisfaction of the supposed frauds upon the rights of Mrs. Chase in the kingsland and Martin conveyances, nothing appearing to show that such frauds were intended or consummated, but that, in view of the void conveyances to Hamilton and Philipon and of the lact that Mine. June! remained in undisputed possession of the property up to the time of her death, they were entirely justified in coming into a court of equity to have them declared void. The decree is reversed as to the effect of the conveyances to Hamilton and Philipon and of the incited property up to the time of her death, they were entirely justified in coming into a court of equity to have them declared void. The decree is reversed as to the effect of the conveyances to kingsland and Martin, and affirmed as to those to Hamilton and Philipon and to the first the property of the particular estate embraced in the appointment made in favor of Mrs. Chase by the deed of 1828. The claim of the appellees to recover of Bowen the same of the

with the hank of the Commonwaith before its laints, and which were not paid on domand. The objection was that suit could not be maintained for his interest after the principal had occupant the suit could not be maintained for his interest after the principal had occupant the suit could not be maintained for his interest after the principal had occupant the suit could not be maintained for his paid that the suit could not be maintained for the comprehence of the Currency were upon the same footing as if they were in judgment. The amount in arrorare was liquid dated and as certain as if it consisted wholly of principal instead of interest. The action not being in leabt the same amount was probably included in the mass of damages for which the judgment was rendered. Affirmed Mr. Justice Swayne delivered the options.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPLICATIONS.

THE GAME THAT DENIAMIN NOTES UNDERSTAINS HOW TO PLAY—THE DIFFICULTY FAR FROM SETTLEMENT—PROSPECIS OF A THIRD CONTINENTAL RECEIVER.

Benjamin Noyes, President of the National Capital and Knight of the Th Box, has become the central and most imposing future in the directered areas of life aurance. From the time he waiked lelevirely into Connecticut with his little collection of New Jersey Mutual assests autil ne sat nimself down to meditation on the floor of a Newark Jul, he has not ceased to be an object of increasing strategien. The actiny of legal inputs that has been engaged upon either side of the flay have found in Mr. Noyes a most popular subject of increasing strategien. The actiny of legal inputs that has been engaged upon either side of the flay have found in Mr. Noyes a most popular subject of increasing strategien. The actiny of legal inputs that has been engaged upon either side of the flay to pensitate the full extent of their clients in the discovery of the purpose of delivery to the proper authorities and the subscipant release of Noyes. It was found to contain, in mortages, State bounds, It was found to contain, in mortages, State bounds, It was found to c

proper authorities and the subsequent release of Noves. It was found to contain, in mortgages, State bonds, notes and miscellaneous securities, an aggregate face value of \$177,000. This was supposed to be but a small part of the assets transferred to Noyes by President Stedwell, and a further search was made in New York for the balance. No discovery was made, however, and it was rumored that Mr. Noyes' statements would be accepted and he would be released on \$5,000

By those best posted in the matter, it is firmly b lieved that Noyes has undertaken to deceive the offi-

lieved that Noyes has undertaken to decoive the officials and has by no means made a full return of all the
assets which came into his possession. A copy of the
contract for the reinsurance between the New Jersey
Mutual and National Capital would probably show the
truth of this position.

A HERALD representative yesterday called upon exJudge William Fullerton, who acted for a time as counset for the New Jorsey Mutual, to inquire his opinion
as to the amount of assets for which Mr. Noyes should
be held responsible. Mr. Fuller on said that the contract for reinsurance, which was drawn by MessraBoardman & Boardman, was brought to him by Noyes
for his opinion. He passed his judgment upon it and
heard nothing further on the subject until he learned
from the newspapers that the same had been ratifled. neard nothing further on the subject until he learned from the newspapers that the same had been ratifled. As nearly as he could remember, the terms of the contract were general, not special, and he had no deafrom that instrument of the amount conveyed. He had subsequently seen Noyes, but not in a capacity of counsel, and had endeavored to bring about a settlement between him and Receiver Parker. This undortaking had failed mainly because Noyes was unwilling, in spite of repeated promises, to give an account of the property in his possession. Mr. Fullerton informed the writer that he had reason to believe that Noyes had returned only a portion of the securities and that the end of the difficulty was by no means apparent. He thought those who were densing with Noyes understood these facts, and that they would keep him in confinement until a full rendering of his rather extraordinary stewardship had been made.

THE CONTINENTAL RECEIVERSHIP.

Justice Pratt, of the Kings County Supreme Court, yesterday afternoon denied two motions argued before him on Saturday in the suit brought against the Continental Life Insurance Company. One motion was on behalf of certain creditors to set aside the appointment of Receiver Grace, on the ground that no authority was given the Court to make the appointment except on the Attorney General's motion. The other was on behalf of the British policy holders to be declared preferred creditors.

on the Attorney General's motion. The other was on behalf of the British policy holders to be declared preferred creditors.

The much vexed question of who shall wind up the Continental extate and in what manner that very desirable result is to be attained will most likely be settled within a fortnight's time. Judge Westbrook, before whom the Attorney General's proceeding was had on Saturday at Hudson will hold under advisement the effect of the former proceedings of dissolution in Brooklyn, and when determined apon that preliminary point will call the case up again for further argument, the question of bow to dispose of the company's affairs will tren be considered, and Counsellor Moses and possibly others will trge a project to revitainze the company. The question of the receivership is one of paramount interest and excites much difference of opinion between the counsel. Some insist that to amend the entire preceedings of the Brooklyn court will necessitate the appointment of a new receiver in place of Mr. William it. Grace. Others condemn this as uscless, and are firmly impressed with the benief that Mr. Grace is not to be supplainted. The best inferences that can be drawn, however, point to the selection of another receiver, and a contest between such and Mr. Grace which will have to be decided by the Court of Appeals. It is strongly hinted, too, that the new appointment is to be more or less a political one, and heavy influences of that nature are said to be at work.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE NOTES.

Pursuant to a notice issued the Grain Trade met yesterday atternoon on the upper floor of the Exchange, to take into consideration an amendment to rule 5. now existing, relative to graded grain. The meeting was largely attended and the discussion quite ani-mated. Under the former law buyers of grain, in addition to the lay days, were entitled to one day's storage and insurance free of charge. The amendment does away with this provision, and now provides that on sales of graded grain the tender of clevator receipts of the grades sold, having a free delivery affort, simil constitute a delivery of grain as between soller and buyer, on the same terms which govern the delivery under railroad guaranteed certificates, except, "in addition to the lay days affort, as provided in rule 5 of rules of the railroad companies for graded grain at the port of New York, buyers shall be entitled to only the day of sale and, in addition thereto, any unexpired portion of a term of storage."

Between the hours of cleven A. M. and three o'clock P. M. to-mor/ow the members of the Exchange will be required to vote by ballot on the following question:

Are you in favor of securing a proper site and erecting thereon a suitable building, having conveniences and accommodations adequate to the increased needs of the Exchange, provided the Board of Manacers shall present to you a plan for the accomplishment of this object, giving an estimate of cost and proposed location, which shall be submitted to a vote, by ballot, of the members of the Exchange after twenty days' notice of such ballot shall have been given? on sales of graded grain the tender of elevator receipts

CONTRABAND GOODS.

Information having been received that a quantity of contraband goods had been smuggled ashore from the teamship Canada, a search in a saloon in the vicinity of the steamer's dock resulted in the capture of twenty-four bottles of French brandy, several nundred eigars and bundles of cigarettes, several dozens of spoons, forks and burnishing tools, and also French fancy goods, which are even prohibited from being im-ported.

A KITCHEN CONFIDANTE.

WHAT MARY DUFFY CLAIMS TO KNOW ABOUT MRS. CALLENDAR AND DR. NOTTINGHAM-"HOOK NOSE" AND "BED NOSE"-A CONFES SION THAT WAS A DASE LIE.

In the HERALD of Thursday last appeared an interesting account of the proceedings before Judge Law-rence, in Supreme Court, Chambers, by which the counsel of William E. Callendar sought to set and the injunction granted by Judge Donohue forbidding his use of his wife's confession of sduitery, which she claims was exterted from her. Judge Lawrence intifrom her, in his proceedings for a divorce; but reserved his decision on the legal question that had been raised against her husband. Judge Lawrence has not yet rendered his decision, which is awaited by the legal

The suit for a divorce brought by Mr. Callendar against his wife is being tried before the referee, George W. Parsons. Some of the testimony is amusgirl, which is outlined below :--

OPEN & DOOR.

Mary Duffy, who was chambermaid, waitress and nurse at the Callendar residence, at Passaic, " J., testified to occasions when Mrs. Callendar was in the same On one occasion a parcel came and Mary knocked at the door. What followed Mary described as follows:-little while after I knocked. Mrs. Callendar opened the door wide enough to put her waist out and held the

Upon cross-examination ex-Judge Fullerton, counsel for Mrs. Calientation ex-Judge Fullerton, counsel for Mrs. Caliendar, showed Mary the locket with the pair above alluded to, and Mary seemed to have doubts whether it was the same bair which she saw previously in the locket.

As to the conicssion, Mrs. Callendar's counsel elicited from the girl this imnortant admission. After her mistress had returned from New York, where she had signed the confession, she said to Mary:—"I have signed a confession to the basest lie that over was." Mary could not fix the date of this statement beyond that it was within a week of the signing of the confession.

lession.

After eliciting this testimony and concluding the cross-examination, the further hearing of the case was

One of the curious leatures in the case is that Mrs.

Callendar is having the testimony published in the local paper of Passaic, where she resides, while her husband stromously objects to this publicity. Until recently Mr. Callendar's counsel have furnished Mrs. Callendar with an abstract of the testimony, but since the objectionable publication in the Passaic paper this courtesy has been stopped.

THE FREIGHT WAR.

Nothing new was developed yesterday in the much of those nearest in interest it would seem that a final a conference was held at the Grand Central Depot, between Measrs, Jewett, Scott and Vanderbilt, on Saturday, was believed by many, notwithstanding the protestations of ignorance made by Mr. Vanderbilt to HERALD reporter yesterday Mr. Jewett, of the Erie Railway, when questioned about the alliance against the Baltimore and Ohio Railrond, whose presi-dent is charged with being the first to break the compact entered into at the close of 1876, did not deny that such a conference had

break the compact entered into at the close of 1876, did not deny that such a conference had taken place, but denied that anything had been settled through it in relation to luture rates. He said it was more of an informal talk on the present condition of the Iroight business than a conference, and that no agreement or alliance had permanently neen made, Other meetings would probably be held, but he did not know when.

Mr. William H. Vanderbilt was called upon at the Grand Central Depot, but professed total ignorance of the conference, and said that he had seen no one and was not advised of any action regarding freights. He could not tell whether a conference would be held or not, and in fact he know or seemed to know nothing of it. It may be remembered that, in December last, when culting rates was a general custom, a meeting of the presidents of the four great trunk lines was held at the Grand Central Depot; that a meeting in all respects similar to the one of Saturday last was held and some sort of a verbal agreement entered into between the parties attending. The understanding was that, if the rates there proposed proved on trial to be satisfactory, they should be continued, and a meeting one week subsequently was arranged. This second meeting was neverheld, and under the informal arrangement improvised at the meeting the several trunk lines continued business for some time. In February it was reported that the Baltimore and Ohio road had begun to "cut" again, and the dissastisaction arising out of this method and the unfavorable discriminations made against New York brought about the inecting oil last Saturday. Whether the supplementary meeting to the late conference will be held remains to be seen.

SOUTHERN FREIGHTS.

It is stated on good authority that the Savannah steamers and the Georgia Central Railroad will commence cutting down rates of freight, and inaugurate a freight war against the Charleston steamers, the Attantic coast line failings, the Other Delminos Steamship Company and Tennessee Railroad some time next week. The fight promises to be a lively one, and ships will be put on to take all freight that may be offered at rates that shippers will not grumble at. This movement is a set off to the meeting of a majority of the coast lines which was held on Monday.

THE PANAMA RAILROAD.

The following gentlemen were yesterday elected directors of the Panama Railroad Company:-John R. Marshail, T. W. Parz, Frederick Butterfield, Charles G. Francklyn, John P. Jonos, Joseph Ogden, Samusi C. Thompson, Andrew Boardman, H. H. Baxter, George A. Hoyt, J. G. McGullough, William P. Clyde and John M. Burke.

THE SECOND AVENUE RAILROAD.

The stockholders of the Second Avenue Railroad yes torday elected the following-named gentlemen direct-ors for the ensuing year:—Adolphus Hamilton, David Jones, Waldo Hutchins, Solomon Mehrbach, J. Lee Humiroville, David J. King, James Everard, Moses Mohrbach, Thomas J. McCahill, Peter Schneider, William S. Thom, J. B. Fellows and G. Schwartzfelder.

ROBBING A DISTILLERY. An old distillery on Cypress avenue, near 144th

street, the property of Mr. Frederick A. Hammer, has during the past month been repeatedly robbed o piping, &c., in all of the value of \$500. These bur piping, &c., in all of the value of \$500. Indee during registries are supposed to have been the work of framps. Yesterday one of these gentry giving, the name of totheb Schoenke, was seen leaving the distillery with a large glass globe in his arms and was arrested. He was arrangued before Justice Morgan at the Harlem Police Court and committed for trial. A carpenter who resides in the neighborhood is implicated and will be arranged.

OUR COMPLAINT BOOK.

THE SIXTH AVENUE CARS. TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:-

A meeting to well known turiman, was held yesterday at the office of Register Ketchum, and Joseph H. Bennett, of No. 150 West Forty-fifth street, was elected assigned in Being near sighted I got into the wrong car the other day on the Sixth avenue line, and had to get out at the corner of Broadway and Canal street and walk to Wall street during the beavy ram, as I did not have five conts more to invest. OLD AGE. petition, before Register Williams. His liabilities amount to about \$42,000. The largest creditors are Phiness C. Kingsland, \$25,000, secured by a claim against the city for \$30,000; William Nelson, Jr., \$3,000; D. D. Williams, \$1,600; Murphy & Nesbit, \$1,452.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:-Can Mr. James inform us why the first delivery of letters in 113th street, near Second avenue, is not made before ten o'clock and oftener later each day? HARLEM.

I would suggest, through your valuable Complaint Book, that passengers observing or suffering from rudeness, discourtesy or improper conduct on the part of car conductors, should send to the superintendent of car conductors, should send to the superintendent of the railroad a short anonymous or personal communication, relating the incident and giving the conductor's number. Although charges might be maineastly in a made by individuals occasionally, the aggregate of complaints made against any one man would soon lead the superintendent to detail a "spotter" to assertain the general truth of them.

LEX.

CHEAP AMUSEMENT WANTED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD :-Your suggestion to be brief in articles to your very useful Complaint Book will, no doubt, be observed by all who appreciate the privilege of inserting their general reduction in all things, particularly in the price of that grent and important newspaper, seems to be an incentification of the desired and important newspaper, seems to be an incentification of the drama should not have, for \$1 at least, what we have often enjoyed by the same companies and theatres, and by no means inferior, in former times at hity cents. Truly yours,

AN OLD STAGER.

DESECRATION OF THE FLAG.

To THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:In passing through our principal business sireets is is truly painful to notice how extensively our national banner is used as an advortising sign. Large letters covaring almost the entire flag spell out the words, 'hardware,' "dry goods," "tinware," &c. Why should the flag that has led us so often on to victory be marred and disgraced in this manner? Why not pass a law to probibit it? Why not let it wave in its purity as it did over the heads of our ancestors? Heaven grant the time may come when while gazing on its blue, white and red, we may no reminded more of country and less of fish, oysters and claims.

J. WARD MURRAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:I wish to call attention through your "Complaint Book," to the wrong perpetrated upon the patrons of the Fifth Avenue Theatre. On Saturday evening last I purchased two tickets entiting me to "reserved single usher was on duty in that part of the house, and single ushor was on duty in that part of the house, and being unable to find the seats designated by the tickets, in consequence of the crowl, we were forced to either find seats on the steps of the alse or stand through the entire performance. Many others were treated in the same way, and I hope others will take advantage of your facilities to make their grievances known. The Flith Avenue is becoming noted for its utter disregard of the comfort of its patrons, and I, for one, do not propose to visit it again, although I have been one of its frequent patrons herotofore.

A. E.

AN ANSWER TO "BARKIS." TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD :-

In the HERALD Complaint Book, March 29, your correspondent "Barkis" refers to my suggestions of the 19th on "Prices of Groceries," and requests that I give my address. Should you deem it proper to do so, I will say that I can be seen daily at four P. M., at No. 95 Liberty street, office 51/2. I had prepared a com-95 Liberty street, office 5½. I had prepared a comparative statement of retail prices and prices at which co-operation would furnish to members most of the leading articles necessary to the comforts of the family of the workingman, but I find it occupies too much space for me to ask for it a space in your valuable columns. I am willing, however, to give some time and whatever advice an experience of several years in the workings of the co-operative system enables me to give, freely to those who desire it.

CO-OPERATION.

CO-OPERATION. TWO COMPLAINTS ANSWERED.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE RERALD:—
Your correspondent "Theatre Goer" (Sunday) will be pleased to learn that, in addition to the programme placed upon every seat at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, a supply has been ordered for the lobbies. Your correspondent "Jay Stanley" (Monday) had his complaint attended to at the time. I went myself to see that his entrance to his seat was unimpeded, and within three minutes after I had an inspector from the Building Department upon the spot. STEPHEN FISKE.

"H. B." would like to call the attention of the police authorities to the gang of young loafers who stand around on the corner of Fifty-third street and Third avenue, and insult every young lady that passes by them.

"Taxpayor," hoping that our Complaint Book will have the wished for effect on the street cleaning officers, begs the Herald to give notice that Fourth street, be-TO THE EDITOR OF THE RESALD:-

begs the HERALD to give notice that Fourth street, be tween the Bowery and Broadway is in a most horrible condition, and often the ashes are not removed for

"West Nineteenth Street." who as a taxpayer pays to have the ashes and garbago removed, asks why they are not removed in front of his house. He has ashes standing for one week on the sidewalk, and the same thing may be said of all Nincteenth street from the Eighth avenue to the North River. Where has the \$700,000 gone that the Street Cleaning Bureau had some time ago? Did it go when the snow went?

"A Sufferer" asks why there are no lamps on the block on East Eighty-second street from First avenue to avenue A. This block seems to have been forgotten, as the one below has gas, as well as the others on this street. On dark nights it is very inconvenient for

block. And the block is also minus a street pavement or sidewark.

"Many Neighbors" complain of a crowd of boys and young men who congregate on Greenwich, between Leroy and Houston streets, nights, and make it a perfect pandemonium. Any one who passes that way is insulted and robbed, wale in the daytime wagons with goods are robbed.

"Admirer of Clean Streets" wishes to draw public atteation to an abominable nuisance that the residents of West Thirty-sixth street are obliged to submit to, at the corner of Broadway and Thirty-sixth street. It is occupied as a perfect depository for a lot of pediers, grocers' and other wagons. At times it is almost impossible to pass on either side of the street, especially on Sandays. During the week pelostrians passing on the north side of Thirty-sixth street in the mornings have to take the middle of the street to avoid crimbing over a manure bill.

on sundays. During the week peosistrans passing on the north side of Thirty-sixth street in the mornings have to take the middle of the street to avoid climbing over a manure hill.

"An Outraged Resident" in sending his first contribution to the Complaint Book, says that the block in East Forty-eighth street, between the First and Second avenues, has always been disgraced by rufflamly young men, who appear to have no legitimate means of hving. It is of late becoming worse, and night after night these pests stand on the corner and in dark doorways and often insult respectable persons passing by. Only a tew evenings since, while looking from my window, I saw a busivess wajon drive opposite a store, and shortly after the driver left the vehicle a young lad about sixteen years old deliberately stole a box containing some goods from it.

"G. C. H." writes that while walking through Bleocker street yesterday morning, between Broadway and Sixth avenue, he counted 146 ash barreis and boxes standing ou the walk and there was about twenty more dumped in the gutters. The cross streets presented the same evidence of "Civil Services Reform." The query arose in "C. C. H. "s" much as to the number of ash barrels the occupant of a house was compelled by law to furnish for the accommodation of the Street Cleaning Department. Unless the number is limited to half a dozen, there would be a speculation in buying up old barrels, as from present indications the entire stock in the market will be in demand before those aow in use are emptied.

"One Who Received No Satisfaction by Complaining" inquires, "Why does the Water Buroau of the Department of Public Works give a permit for one tap to supply three houses (if such is the case), as stated by the Commissioner of Public Works?" The writer adds:—"Mr. Commissioner, give us what we have to pay dearly for—water on the upper floors of buildings up town."

"Louis" states that he has been requested by many residents of the block to call the attention of West Thirty-third street, between Si

John C. Dedell would like to Inquire why the Commissioners neglect to remove the garbage and asbes out of Downing street, between Varick and Bedford, as the street on both sides of the way is strewn all over with rubbish and overfilled barreis, making the place look more like a dumping ground than anything eige.

"Nineteenth Ward?" wants to know if it is possible to abate a nuisance in Fitty-minh street, between First and Second avenues, where there are laid two railroad tracks, where you will notice from twelve to twenty coal wagons and all kines of vehicles blocking the street near the police station house of the Nineteenth ward. centh ward.

James R. Chace and J. A. Reid deay any connection

with the uptown street gang mentioned in the blaint Book, as they do not lounge in the streets. HELP FOR MRS. DRURY.

sends \$5 to the HERALD to be forwarded to Mrs. Drury, whose destitute condition was mentioned in Monday's HERALD.

\$1.452.

Register Allen yesterday reported favorably on the application of Charles D. Fratt for his discharge in bankrupter, the creditors making no opposition.

The creditors of Charles T. Churchili met before Register Allen yesterday, and John H. Platt was appointed assignee in bankrupter. The total indebtedness is about \$26,000.

Notice of appearance was put in before Register Keichum yesterday in opposition to the discharge in bankruptery of Green & Pinckney, and they were given ten days' time.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

RUSINESS TROUBLES.

A meeting of the creditors of Joshua D. Waiton, the

bankruptcy. His liabilities amount to \$20,000.

Robert McChristie, contractor, of No. 2,298 Third

ENGAGED. Walkenstein-Strahlheim.-Louis Walkenstein to Sarah Strahlheim. No cards. MARRIED.

ONSLOW-CHRISTIR.—At Middletown, N. Y., March 27, by the Rev. Charles Beattle, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. Jons A. ONSLOW to HATTIE B., cidest daughter of Peter Christie, Esq.

DIED.

Bahley.—On Monday, April 2, Halsted Bailey, in the fist year of bis age.

Funeral services will take place at his late residence, 263 South 4th at, Brooklyn, E. D., on Tuesday ovening, April 3, at eight o'clock. Friends and relatives respectfully invited to attend.

Bahrer.—On April 2, at West Hoboken, N. J., Thomas, the beloved husband of Margaret Barber.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Clinton av., opposite Warren st., on Wednesday, at ten A M., to St. Michael's Monasiery.

Barre.—At New Utrecht, L. L., on the morning of April I, Priers Morsour, wife of E. Lott Barre, in her 37th year.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the inneral, from the residence of her father, Andrus Moniori, at New Utrecht, on Wednesday, April 4, at three o'clock P. M.

Berchell.—At 069 Lexington av., on Saturday, March 31, Karri, eldest daughter of Henry J. and Mary J. Burchell, aged 19 years and 5 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from St. Thomas' church, corner 5th av. and 53d st., on Wednesday, April 4, at cloven A. M.

Camilla, in the 70th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, April 4, 1877, from the residence of her son-in-law, Michael McDonald, 242 Water st., Brooklyn.

Cozzens.—At Bay Ridge, L. L., March 31, Edward McDonald, 242 Water st., Brooklyn.

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Cozzens, late captain, Sixiy fifth New York Volunteera, aged 49 years.

Funeral irom his late resid

FISHER.—On Sunday, April I. LOUISE FISHER, of loved wife of Nicholas Fisher, in the 73d year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock, from her late residence, No. 150 East 40th st.

Ginsox.—On Monday, April 2, James Francis, youngest son of P. W. and Margaret Gibson, aged 1 year, 4 months and 1 day.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, 223 9th st., Jersey City, at one o'clock, on Wednesday, April 4, Grace.—At Fanwood, N. J., on Friday, March 30, 1877, of croup, Grssix, youngest daughter of Frederick J. and Jane S. Grace, aged 5 years.

Grace.—At Fanwood, N. J., sunday, April 1, 1877, FREDERICK J. Grace, late editor of the Journal of the Telegraph, in the 39th year of his age.

Funeral services of both father and daughter will be held at their late residence, on Tuesday, April 3, at half-pust two P. M. Interments at Scotch Plains, N. J. Carriages will be at Fanwood station on arrival of the train leaving New York at I. M., Tucaday.

Hanson.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, at eight P. M., Mark Hansox, after a severe liliness, aged 51 years.

Relatives and triends, and also Cinton Commandery, No. 14, K. T., Nassau Chapter, and Holicolinden Lodge, No. 56, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the inneral, notice of which will be published horeasiter.

Mary A. Martin.
Funeral at Christ Church, on Wednesday, April 4 at one o'clock P. M. Train leaves foot of Liberty stat II:45 A. M.

Merrell.—Suddenly, at Newtown, L. I., on Saturday, March 31, John T. Mozarkli, in the 45th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family, and of his brother-in-law, the late John Moore, are invited to attend the funeral, from the Reformed Dutch Church of Newtown, on Teasday, the 3d inst., at hall-past two, Train leaves Hunter's Point at 2 + M.

McCollom.—On Sunday, April 1, 1877, Egsert S. McCollom.

MCCOLLOM.—On Sunday, April 1, 1877, EGBERT S. MCCOLLOM.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Mystic Tie Ledge, No. 272, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend his tuneral service, at his late residence, No. 52 Bedford st., on Tuesday evening, April 3, inst., at eight o'clock. The remains will be caken to Peckskill, N. Y., for interment.

McGLYNN.—At White Planns, April 1, 1877, ELIZA E., McGLYNN, daugnter of the late J. W. Schirmer, aged 22 years, 2 months and 25 days.

Funeral at St. John's Church, Wednesday, April 4, at ten o'clock A. M.

years, 2 months and 25 days.
Funeral at St. John's Church, Wednesday, April 4, at ten o'clock A. M.
McManox.—Julia, infant daughter of Edward and Mary McMahon, aged 5 months and 1 day.
The funeral will take piace this (lucsday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 131 Hudson st. Friends of the family are respectfully invited.
PRANKARD.—On Sunday, April 1, Mamis, infant daugter of George P. and Julia L. Prankard.
Funeral services on Tuesday, at half-past oneP. M., from 200 East Broadway.
Sawix.—On Thursday, March 29, of pneumonia, at Ironton, Ohio, Leslie H., son of W. E. and Anna E. Sawin, in the 24th year of his age.
Funeral services will take place at their residence, Central Morrisania, Tuesday, April 3, at two P. M. Trains leave Grand Central Depot at 1:30.
Providence papers picase copy.
Sickles.—On Sunday, April 1, Catherine Sickles, widow of Elias W. Sickles, in the 44th year of her age.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to at-

window of Elias W. Sickles, in the 44th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Tuesday, April 3, from her late residence, 250 West 17th st., at one P. M.

Sinks.—On Monday evening, 24 inst., at 26 West 38th st., ANN H., daughter of the late Mark Simes, of Portsmouth, N. H.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Stawts.—Saddenly, March 31, 1877, Daniel, Stawts, in the 60th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the inneral, from his late residence, 309 West 40th st., on Tuesday, April 3, at half-past one o'clock. St. John.—At Norwalk, Conn., on Monday, April 2, of congestion of the lungs, Perderick St. John, in the 53d year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence, in Norwalk, on Thursday, April 5, at half-past one P. M. Ne flowers.

Thomas.—At Greenpoint, on Monday, April 2

on Thursday, April 5, at haif-past one P. M. Né flowers.

THOMAS.—At Greenpoint, on Monday, April 2, WILLIAM G. THOMAS, in the 68th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Thomas.—At Fishkill Village, March 31, Saran, widow of Lowis Tibbals, in the 7th year of her age.

Friends are respectfully invited to attend the luneral, Tuesday, April 3, at three F. M., at Milford, Conn. 12 M. train of New York and New Haven Railroad will arrive in time.

Tilton.—In this city, on Friday, March 30, Alfren E. Tilton, of the late firm of A. E. & C. E. Tilton, aged 61 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend, without further notice, the services, at his late residence, No. 7 East 43d st., at two F. M., on Tuesday, the 3d inst. The remains will be taken to Tilton, N. H., and in terred on Wednerday, the 4th inst.

Washington and New Hampshire papers please copy, Wedder.—James Wender, of Edinburgh, Scotland, in the 6th year of his age, of apopiexy, on Sunday, is inst.

Funeral will take place on Tuesday, 3d inst. at two

inst.

Funeral will take place on Tucsday, 3d inst., at twe F. M., from the New York Presbyterian Church, 161
West 11th st., between 6th and 7th avs. Interment in lot of St. Andrew's Society, in Cypress Hills Cemetery. Edinburgh papers please copy.

WELL.—On Monday, April 2, Minnie Well, daughter of Jonas Fischel, in her 20th year.

Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 51 East Honston st., on Tucsday, April 3, at half-past one P. M.

WIGHT.—On Friday, March 30, of pneumonis, Sarah M., who of Sheldon W. Wight, in the 55th year of her age.

M., wile of Sheldon W. Wight, in the both year age.

Funeral services at the house of her brother, Dr. Wood, St. Niengias av. and 116th st., on Wendesday atternoon, April 4, at three o'clock. Friends of the family respectfully invited. Interment at Woodlawn on Thursday morning.

Wilkinson.—At New Brighton, April 1, Strphen Wilkinson, son of A. R. and the late James Wilkinson, aged 36.

Funeral from his late residence, Richmond terrace, New Brighton, Wednesday, April 4, at two P. M.